L Number	Hits Search Text	DB	Time stamp
1	5 constitutive same androstane same receptor	USPAT;	2002/08/12 15:14
	·	US-PGPUB;	1
		EPO; JPO;	
		DERWENT	!

	U	1	Document ID	Issue Date	Pages	Title
1	\boxtimes		US 20010055815 A1	20011227	13	Constitutive androstane receptor
2	\boxtimes		US 20010034023 A1	20011025	210	Gene sequence variations with utility in determining the treatment of disease, in genes relating to drug processing
3	⊠		WO 200224918 A	20020328	39	New isolated human cytochrome P-450347 promoter region useful in screening for pharmacological agents comprises digital nuclear receptor binding motifs
4	⊠		US 20010055815 A	20011003	13	Screening a compound for its ability to inhibit binding of clotrimazole to a Constitutive Androstane Receptor ligand binding domain-containing polypeptide by competition binding
5			WO 200151045 A	20010719	75	Identifying agent for treating CAR-mediated disorder, involves screening agent that modulates CAR-mediated intermolecular interaction and determining if the agent modulates cholesterol level in test

	Current OR	Current XRef	Retrieval Classif	Inventor	s	С	P	2
1	436/518	435/7.5		Collins, Jon L. et al.				
2	435/6	702/20		Stanton, Vincent P. JR. et al.				
3				BERKENSTAM, A et al.				
4				COLLINS, J L et al.				
5				LEHMANN, J M et al.	\boxtimes			

	3	4	5	Image Doc. Displayed	РТ
1				US 20010055815	
2				US 20010034023	
3				WO 200224918 A1	
4				US 20010055815	
5				WO 200151045 A2	

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                 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
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        Apr 09
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                 BEILSTEIN: Reload and Implementation of a New Subject Area
                 ZDB will be removed from STN
NEWS 4
        Apr 09
NEWS 5 Apr 19
                US Patent Applications available in IFICDB, IFIPAT, and IFIUDB
NEWS 6 Apr 22
                Records from IP.com available in CAPLUS, HCAPLUS, and ZCAPLUS
                BIOSIS Gene Names now available in TOXCENTER
NEWS 7 Apr 22
NEWS 8 Apr 22
                Federal Research in Progress (FEDRIP) now available
                New e-mail delivery for search results now available
NEWS 9 Jun 03
NEWS 10 Jun 10
                MEDLINE Reload
                PCTFULL has been reloaded
NEWS 11 Jun 10
NEWS 12 Jul 02
                FOREGE no longer contains STANDARDS file segment
NEWS 13 Jul 22
                USAN to be reloaded July 28, 2002;
                 saved answer sets no longer valid
NEWS 14 Jul 29
                 Enhanced polymer searching in REGISTRY
NEWS 15
        Jul 30
                NETFIRST to be removed from STN
NEWS 16
       Aug 08
                CANCERLIT reload
NEWS 17
        Aug 08
                PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN
NEWS 18 Aug 08
                NTIS has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 19 Aug 09
                JAPIO to be reloaded August 18, 2002
NEWS EXPRESS
             February 1 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.0d,
             CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0a(ENG) AND V6.0Ja(JP),
             AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 05 FEBRUARY 2002
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             Welcome Banner and News Items
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             Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
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             CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)
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=> s constitutive (p) androstane (p) receptor

219 CONSTITUTIVE (P) ANDROSTANE (P) RECEPTOR L1

=> s constitutive (p) androstane (p) receptor (p) screen?

17 CONSTITUTIVE (P) ANDROSTANE (P) RECEPTOR (P) SCREEN? L2

=> s constitutive (p) androstane (p) receptor (p) screen? (p) compound

4 CONSTITUTIVE (P) ANDROSTANE (P) RECEPTOR (P) SCREEN? (P) COMPOUN L3

=> s constitutive (p) androstane (p) receptor (p) assay (p) compound

8 CONSTITUTIVE (P) ANDROSTANE (P) RECEPTOR (P) ASSAY (P) COMPOUND

=> s 12 and 13 and 14

0 L2 AND L3 AND L4

=> s 12 or 13 or 14

25 L2 OR L3 OR L4 1.6

=> dup rem 16

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L6

10 DUP REM L6 (15 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d l7 total ibib kwic

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:240977 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:274330

TITLE:

Sequence of a human cytochrome P450 3A7 gene promoter

region and uses in drug screening

INVENTOR(S):

Berkenstam, Anders; Bertilsson, Goeran; Blomquist,

Patrik

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Biovitrum AB, Swed. PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.

SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

```
WO 2001-SE2007
                                                             20010919
     WO 2002024918
                       Α1
                            20020328
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CO,
             CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU,
             ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU,
             LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,
             SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU,
             ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                        SE 2000-3393
                                                         A 20000922
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
AB
     The present invention relates to an isolated human cytochrome P 450 3A7
     (CYP3A7) promoter region, and identifies the pregnane activated
     receptor (PAR) responsive element in the CYP3A7 promoter region.
     The invention further discloses that constitutive
     androstane receptor (CAR) can upregulate the CYP3A7
     promoter via xenobiotic response element (XREM). The invention also
     relates to screening methods for agents modulating the
     expression of CYP3A7, such agents being potentially useful in modulating
     metab. of endogenous and/or exogenous compds., drug interaction,
     toxicity and/or bioavailability of drugs.
     sequence human cytochrome P450 3A7 CYP3A7 promoter drug screening
ST
     ; gene CYP3A7 promoter pregnane activated receptor responsive
     element PAR; promoter CYP3A7 constitutive androstane
     receptor CAR regulation
     Proteins
ΙT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (CAR (constitutive androstane receptor);
        sequence of a human cytochrome P 450 3A7 promoter region and uses in
        drug screening)
     ANSWER 2 OF 10
                        MEDLINE
                                                         DUPLICATE 1
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                    2002089312
                                   MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                    21659720
                             PubMed ID: 11706036
TITLE:
                    Regulation of multidrug resistance-associated protein 2
                    (ABCC2) by the nuclear receptors pregnane X receptor,
                    farnesoid X-activated receptor, and constitutive androstane
                    receptor.
                    Kast Heidi R; Goodwin Bryan; Tarr Paul T; Jones Stacey A;
AUTHOR:
                    Anisfeld Andrew M; Stoltz Catherine M; Tontonoz Peter;
                    Kliewer Steve; Willson Timothy M; Edwards Peter A
                    Department of Biological Chemistry and Medicine, UCLA, Los
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                    Angeles, California 90095, USA.
CONTRACT NUMBER:
                    HL30568 (NHLBI)
     HL68445 (NHLBI)
                    JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (2002 Jan 25) 277 (4)
SOURCE:
                    2908-15.
                    Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
PUB. COUNTRY:
                    United States
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                    Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE:
                    English
FILE SEGMENT:
                    Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH:
                    200202
ENTRY DATE:
                    Entered STN: 20020131
                    Last Updated on STN: 20020226
                    Entered Medline: 20020225
AΒ
    The multidrug resistance-associated protein 2 (MRP2, ABCC2), mediates the
     efflux of several conjugated compounds across the apical
    membrane of the hepatocyte into the bile canaliculi. We identified MRP2 in
     a screen designed to isolate genes that are regulated by the
     farnesoid X-activated receptor (FXR, NR1H4). MRP2 mRNA levels
    were induced following treatment of human or rat hepatocytes with either
     naturally occurring (chenodeoxycholic acid) or synthetic (GW4064) FXR
```

ligands. In addition, we have shown that MRP2 expression is regulated by the pregnane X receptor (PXR, NR1I2) and constitutive androstane receptor (CAR, NR1I3). Thus, treatment of rodent hepatocytes with PXR or CAR agonists results in a robust induction of MRP2 mRNA. . . 8 nucleotides (ER-8). PXR, CAR, and FXR bound with high affinity to this element as heterodimers with the retinoid X receptor alpha (RXRalpha, NR2B1). Luciferase reporter gene constructs containing 1 kb of the rat MRP2 promoter were prepared and transiently transfected. . . conferring PXR, CAR, and FXR responsiveness on a heterologous thymidine kinase promoter. Mutation of the ER-8 element abolished the nuclear receptor response. These studies demonstrate that MRP2 is regulated by three distinct nuclear receptor signaling pathways that converge on a common response element in the 5'-flanking region of this gene.

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 10 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002374737

002374737 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

22116398 PubMed ID: 12120277 PXR, CAR and drug metabolism.

TITLE: AUTHOR:

Willson Timothy M; Kliewer Steven A

CORPORATE SOURCE:

GlaxoSmithKline, 5 Moore Drive, Research Triangle Park,

North Carolina 27709, USA.. tmw20653@gsk.com

SOURCE:

Nat Rev Drug Discov, (2002 Apr) 1 (4) 259-66. Ref: 103

Journal code: 101124171.

PUB. COUNTRY:

England: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal;

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

General Review; (REVIEW)

(REVIEW, TUTORIAL)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200207

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20020718

Last Updated on STN: 20020731 Entered Medline: 20020730

AB . . . harmful chemicals are also involved in drug metabolism, and can cause adverse drug-drug interactions. Two closely related orphan nuclear hormone receptors—the pregnane X receptor (PXR) and the constitutive androstane receptor

(CAR) -- have recently emerged as transcriptional regulators of cytochrome P450 expression that couple xenobiotic exposure to oxidative metabolism. In this review, . . . examination of the roles of PXR and CAR as xenobiotic sensors, and discuss the application of this knowledge to toxicological screening in drug discovery.

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:713686 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:267693

TITLE:

Constitutive androstane

receptor ligand screening using
 method involving clotrimazole
 Collins, Jon L.; Parks, Derek J.

INVENTOR(S):

Glaxo Group Limited, UK

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2001071361 A2 20010927 WO 2001-US9233 20010322
WO 2001071361 A3 20020606

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,

```
HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
             LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
             SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
             YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 2001055815
                       A1
                            20011227
                                           US 2001-814569
                                                             20010322
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        US 2000-191493P P 20000323
     Constitutive androstane receptor ligand
     screening using method involving clotrimazole
     constitutive androstane receptor ligand
ST
     screening clotrimazole; human sequence constitutive
     androstane receptor LBD fragment
     Androgen receptors
IT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (CAR (constitutive androstane receptor);
      constitutive androstane receptor ligand
      screening using method involving clotrimazole)
IT
    Spheres
        (beads, solid support; constitutive androstane
      receptor ligand screening using method involving
        clotrimazole and CAR ligand binding domain-contg. polypeptide attached
        to bead solid support)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
    Drug screening
     Protein sequences
        (constitutive androstane receptor ligand
      screening using method involving clotrimazole)
TT
     Biotinylation
        (constitutive androstane receptor ligand
      screening using method involving clotrimazole and CAR ligand
        binding domain-contg. polypeptide attached to coated bead solid
        support)
IT
     Fusion proteins (chimeric proteins)
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (constitutive androstane receptor
        ligand-binding domain; constitutive androstane
      receptor ligand screening using method involving
        clotrimazole)
TΤ
    Protein motifs
        (ligand-binding domain of constitutive androstane
      receptor; constitutive androstane
      receptor ligand screening using method involving
        clotrimazole)
    Avidins
TΤ
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (solid support bead coating; constitutive androstane
      receptor ligand screening using method involving
        clotrimazole and CAR ligand binding domain-contg. polypeptide attached
        to coated bead solid support)
IT
    363631-04-3
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL
     (Biological study)
        (amino acid sequence; constitutive androstane
      receptor ligand screening using method involving
        clotrimazole)
    23593-75-1, Clotrimazole
                                23593-75-1D, Clotrimazole, radiolabeled
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (constitutive androstane receptor ligand
     screening using method involving clotrimazole)
    58-85-5, Biotin
                     9013-20-1, Streptavidin
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
```

(solid support bead coating; constitutive androstane receptor ligand screening using method involving clotrimazole and CAR ligand binding domain-contg. polypeptide attached to coated bead solid support) 363593-56-0 364059-93-8 RL: PRP (Properties) (unclaimed sequence; constitutive androstane receptor ligand screening using method involving clotrimazole) ANSWER 5 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:525915 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:127155 TITLE: Screening constitutive androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia associated diseases INVENTOR(S): Lehmann, Jurgen M.; Shiau, Andrew Kwan-Nan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tularik Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 75 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ------**-**-----WO 2001051045 A2 20010719 WO 2001-US1111 20010112 WO 2001051045 A3 20011220 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-176398P P 20000113 Screening constitutive androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia associated diseases ST constitutive androstane receptor CAR modulator screening hypercholesterolemia TΤ Transcriptional regulation (CAR-mediated; screening constitutive androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases) ΙT Genetic element RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (CAR-responsive, DR-4 or DR-5; screening constitutive androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases) ΙT Gene, animal RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study) (CAR.beta.; screening constitutive androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases) Estrogen receptors Glucocorticoid receptors Mineralocorticoid receptors Progesterone receptors Retinoid receptors

```
Thyroid hormone receptors
    Vitamin D receptors
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (DNA-binding domain from; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
        hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
ΙT
    Transcription factors
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (GAL4, DNA-binding domain from; screening
      constitutive androstane receptor (CAR)
        modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
    Transcription factors
ΙT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (SRC-1 (steroid receptor coactivator-1), receptor
        binding domain of; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
        hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
ΙT
    Antiarteriosclerotics
        (antiatherosclerotics; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
        hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
IT
    mRNA
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (as a indicator for cholesterol level; screening
      constitutive androstane receptor (CAR)
        modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
    Lipids, biological studies
    RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
    BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
        (blood; screening constitutive androstane
      receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia
        assocd. diseases)
    Androgen receptors
IT
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (constitutive, CAR.alpha. or CAR.beta.; screening
      constitutive androstane receptor (CAR)
        modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
ΙT
    Mutation
        (deletion, of CAR; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
        hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
IΤ
    Resonance fluorescence
        (energy transfer; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
        hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
TΥ
    Fluorescent indicators
     Isotope indicators
        (for labeling CAR ligands; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
        hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
TT
    Proteins, specific or class
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (green fluorescent, gene for, as reporter; screening
      constitutive androstane receptor (CAR)
        modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
IT
    Lipoproteins
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (high-d., as cholesterol indicator; screening
      constitutive androstane receptor (CAR)
        modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
ΤТ
    Mutation
        (insertion, of CAR; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
        hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
```

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Peptides, biological studies
TΤ
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (labeled; screening constitutive androstane
     receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia
        assocd. diseases)
    Lipoproteins
ΙT
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (low-d., as cholesterol indicator; screening
     constitutive androstane receptor (CAR)
        modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
    Lipids, biological studies
IT
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (metabolic disorders, treatment of; screening
     constitutive androstane receptor (CAR)
        modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
    Fluorometry
ΙT
        (polarization; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
        hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
ΙT
    Cardiovascular agents
    Drug screening
    Molecular cloning
        (screening constitutive androstane
     receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia
        assocd. diseases)
IT
    Reporter gene
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (screening constitutive androstane
     receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia
        assocd. diseases)
     Peptides, biological studies
TT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (sensor; screening constitutive androstane
     receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia
        assocd. diseases)
IT
    Mammal (Mammalia)
    Mouse
        (transgenic, CAE allele-disrupted; screening
      constitutive androstane receptor (CAR)
        modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
TΤ
    Hypercholesterolemia
        (treatment of; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
        hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
IΤ
    Lipoproteins
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (very-low-d., as cholesterol indicator; screening
     constitutive androstane receptor (CAR)
        modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
                                              351153-65-6 351153-66-7
                                338961-03-8
TT
    198705-46-3
                  301654-35-3
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological
    process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use);
    BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (CAR agonist; screening constitutive
     androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
        hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
                                                     7657-50-3
    1153-51-1, 5.alpha.-androst-16-en-3.alpha.-ol
IT
     5.alpha.-Androst-16-en-3.alpha.-ol acetate
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (CAR ligand; screening constitutive
     androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
        hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
    225916-35-8
IT
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological
```

```
process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (amino acid sequence; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
       hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
     9001-78-9, Alkaline phosphatase
                                       9014-00-0, luciferase
TΤ
     .beta.-Galactosidase 9040-07-7, Chloramphenicol acetyltransferase
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (gene for, as reporter; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
        hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
ΙT
     81-88-9
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (labeled peptide; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
        hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
     76150-91-9, 1,4-Bis[2-(3,5-dichloropyridyloxy)]benzene)
IΤ
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological
     process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (ligand for CAR; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
        hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
     128-23-4, 5.beta.-pregnan-3,20 dione
IT
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological
     process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (ligand for CAR.alpha.; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
       hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
IΤ
     1404-04-2, neomycin
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (resistance gene as marker gene; screening
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       modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
ΙT
     57-88-5, cholesterol, biological studies
     RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
     BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
        (serum; screening constitutive androstane
      receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia
        assocd. diseases)
     351237-24-6, 4: PN: WO0151045 SEQID: 4 unclaimed DNA
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IT
     WO0151045 SEQID: 5 unclaimed DNA 351237-26-8, 6: PN: WO0151045 SEQID: 6
     unclaimed DNA 351237-27-9, 8: PN: WO0151045 SEQID: 8 unclaimed DNA
     351237-29-1
                 351237-30-4
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (unclaimed nucleotide sequence; screening
     constitutive androstane receptor (CAR)
       modulators for treatment of hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
                  351237-22-4 351237-23-5 351237-28-0
TT
     197731-92-3
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (unclaimed protein sequence; screening constitutive
      androstane receptor (CAR) modulators for treatment of
       hypercholesterolemia assocd. diseases)
    ANSWER 6 OF 10 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L7
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2001:168249 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         134:217982
TITLE:
                        Chromatin-based RAR/RXR heterodimer-regulated
                        transcription system and its use in screening for
                         transcription modulators
                        Chambon, Pierre; Dilworth, F. Jeffrey;
INVENTOR(S):
                         Fromental-Ramain, Catherine
```

Institut National de la Sante et de la Recherche PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Medicale, Fr.; Centre National de la Recherche

Scientifique; Universite Louis Pasteur; Bristol-Myers

Squibb Company

PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ______ -----WO 2001016597 A1 20010308 WO 1999-US20018 19990901

W: AU, CA, IL, JP, MX, US

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,

PT, SE

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

TТ Receptors

> RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses) (CAR (constitutive androstane receptors);

chromatin-based RAR/RXR heterodimer-regulated transcription system and its use in **screening** for transcription modulators)

ANSWER 7 OF 10 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001475469 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

21410114 PubMed ID: 11518807

TITLE:

Conservation of signaling pathways of xenobiotic-sensing orphan nuclear receptors, chicken xenobiotic receptor, constitutive androstane receptor, and pregnane X receptor,

from birds to humans.

AUTHOR: CORPORATE SOURCE: Handschin C; Podvinec M; Stockli J; Hoffmann K; Meyer U A Division of Pharmacology/Neurobiology, Biozentrum of the

University of Basel, CH-4056 Basel, Switzerland. SOURCE:

MOLECULAR ENDOCRINOLOGY, (2001 Sep) 15 (9) 1571-85.

Journal code: 8801431. ISSN: 0888-8809.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200201

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20010827

Last Updated on STN: 20020125 Entered Medline: 20020114

AB Chicken xenobiotic receptor, pregnane X receptor, and

constitutive androstane receptor are orphan

nuclear receptors that have recently been discovered to regulate drug- and steroid-mediated induction of hepatic cytochromes P450 (CYP). This induction is part. . . experiments in the chicken hepatoma cell line LMH that suggest evolutionary conservation of the signaling pathways triggered by pregnane X receptor, constitutive

androstane receptor, and chicken xenobiotic

receptor. Thus, the phenobarbital-inducible enhancer units of the mouse Cyp2b10, rat CYP2B2, and human CYP2B6 genes were activated in reporter gene assays by the same compounds that activate the chicken CYP2H1 phenobarbital-inducible enhancer units.

Chicken xenobiotic receptor, pregnane X receptor, and

constitutive androstane receptor all bound to

the CYP2H1 phenobarbital-inducible enhancer units in gel-shift experiments. In CV-1 cell transactivation assays, mammalian pregnane X receptors activate the chicken phenobarbitalinducible enhancer units to the same extent as does chicken xenobiotic receptor, each receptor maintaining its species-specific ligand spectrum. To assess the reported role of protein phosphorylation in drug-mediated induction, we treated LMH cells. . . comparable to those seen on CYP2Bs and CYP3As in mammalian primary hepatocyte cultures. These results indicate that closely related nuclear **receptors**, transcription factors, and signaling pathways are mediating the transcriptional activation of multiple genes by xenobiotics in chicken, rodents, and man.

L7 ANSWER 8 OF 10

MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000270219 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

20270219 PubMed ID: 10748001

TITLE:

Orphan nuclear receptors constitutive androstane receptor

and pregnane X receptor share xenobiotic and steroid

ligands.

AUTHOR:

Moore L B; Parks D J; Jones S A; Bledsoe R K; Consler T G; Stimmel J B; Goodwin B; Liddle C; Blanchard S G; Willson T

M; Collins J L; Kliewer S A

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Molecular Endocrinology, Glaxo Wellcome Research and Development, Research Triangle Park, North

Carolina 27709, USA.

SOURCE:

JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (2000 May 19) 275 (20)

15122-7.

Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200006

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20000629

Last Updated on STN: 20000629 Entered Medline: 20000621

AB Xenobiotics induce the transcription of cytochromes P450 (CYPs) 2B and 3A through the constitutive androstane receptor

(CAR; NR1I3) and pregnane X receptor (PXR; NR1I2), respectively. In this report, we have systematically compared a series of xenobiotics and natural steroids for their effects. . . on mouse and human CAR and PXR. Our results demonstrate dual regulation of PXR and CAR by a subset of compounds that affect CYP expression. Moreover, there are marked pharmacological differences between the mouse (m) and human (h) orthologs of both. . . PXR. Similarly, the PXR activator clotrimazole is a potent deactivator of hCAR. Using radioligand binding and fluorescence resonance energy transfer assays, we demonstrate that several of the compounds that regulate mouse and human CAR, including natural steroids, bind directly to the receptors. Our results suggest that CAR, like PXR, is a steroid receptor that is capable of recognizing structurally diverse compounds. Moreover, our findings underscore the complexity in the physiologic response to xenobiotics.

L7 ANSWER 9 OF 10

MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001305626

MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

20525078 PubMed ID: 11075820

TITLE: Estrogen activati

Estrogen activation of the nuclear orphan receptor CAR (constitutive active receptor) in induction of the mouse

Cyp2b10 gene.

AUTHOR:

Kawamoto T; Kakizaki S; Yoshinari K; Negishi M

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Pharmacogenetics Section, Laboratory of Reproductive and

Developmental Toxicology, National Institute of

Environmental Health Sciences, National Institutes of Health, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27709, USA.

MOLECULAR ENDOCRINOLOGY, (2000 Nov) 14 (11) 1897-905.

Journal code: 8801431. ISSN: 0888-8809.

SOURCE:

United States

English

PUB. COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200105

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20010604

Last Updated on STN: 20010604 Entered Medline: 20010531

The nuclear orphan receptor CAR (constitutively active AB

receptor or constitutive androstane

receptor) can be activated in response to xenochemical exposure, such as activation by phenobarbital of a response element called NR1 found in the CYP2B gene. Here various steroids were screened for potential endogenous chemicals that may activate CAR, using the NR1 enhancer and Cyp2b10 induction in transfected HepG2 cell and/or. an effective activator of CAR in both female and male mice, suggesting a biological and/or toxicological role of this receptor in estrogen metabolism. In addition to mouse CAR, estrogens activated rat CAR, whereas human CAR did not respond well to.

ANSWER 10 OF 10 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 6

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998322543

MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

98322543 PubMed ID: 9658407 Molecular cloning of xSRC-3, a novel transcription

coactivator from Xenopus, that is related to AIB1, p/CIP,

and TIF2.

AUTHOR:

Kim H J; Lee S K; Na S Y; Choi H S; Lee J W

CORPORATE SOURCE:

College of Pharmacy, Chonnam National University, Kwangju,

South Korea.

SOURCE:

MOLECULAR ENDOCRINOLOGY, (1998 Jul) 12 (7) 1038-47.

Journal code: 8801431. ISSN: 0888-8809.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

199810

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19981020

Last Updated on STN: 19981020 Entered Medline: 19981005

AB Nuclear receptors regulate transcription by binding to specific DNA response elements of target genes. Herein, we report the molecular cloning and characterization of a novel Xenopus cDNA encoding a transcription coactivator xSRC-3 by using retinoid X receptor (RXR) as a bait in the yeast two-hybrid screening. It belongs to a growing coactivator family that includes a steroid receptor coactivator amplified in breast cancer (AIB1), p300/ CREB-binding protein (CBP)-interacting protein (p/ CIP), and transcriptional intermediate factor 2 (TIF2). It also interacts with a series of nuclear receptors including retinoic acid receptor (RAR), thyroid hormone receptor (TR), and orphan nuclear receptors [hepatocyte nuclear receptor 4 (HNF4) and constitutive androstane receptor (CAR)]. However, it does not interact with small heterodimer partner (SHP), an orphan nuclear receptor known to antagonize ligand-dependent transactivation of other nuclear receptors. In CV-1 cells, cotransfection of xSRC-3 differentially stimulates ligand-induced transactivation of RXR, TR, and RAR in a dose-dependent manner. Interestingly, . . . and early stages of oocyte development, suggesting that studies of xSRC-3 may lead to better understanding of the roles nuclear receptors play in oocyte development as well as liver-specific gene expression.

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                Records from IP.com available in CAPLUS, HCAPLUS, and ZCAPLUS
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NEWS 8 Apr 22
                Federal Research in Progress (FEDRIP) now available
NEWS 9
        Jun 03
                New e-mail delivery for search results now available
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NEWS 11 Jun 10 PCTFULL has been reloaded
NEWS 12 Jul 02 FOREGE no longer contains STANDARDS file segment
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                saved answer sets no longer valid
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                Enhanced polymer searching in REGISTRY
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                CANCERLIT reload
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                PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN
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                NTIS has been reloaded and enhanced
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                JAPIO to be reloaded August 18, 2002
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             AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 05 FEBRUARY 2002
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Diverse roles of the nuclear orphan receptor CAR in regulating hepatic genes in response to phenobarbital.

Ueda A, Hamadeh HK, Webb HK, Yamamoto Y, Sueyoshi T, Afshari CA, Lehmann JM, Negishi M.

Pharmacogenetics Section, Laboratory of Reproductive and Developmental Toxicology, NIEHS, National Institutes of Health, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27709, USA.

Phenobarbital (PB) induces various gene encoding drug/steroid-metabolizing enzymes such as cytochromes P450 (P450s) and transferases. Although the nuclear orphan constitutive active receptor (CAR) has been identified as a key transcription factor that regulates the induction of CYP2B, the full scope of CAR-regulated genes still remains a major question. To this end, reverse transcriptase-polymerase chain reaction and cDNA microarray techniques were employed to examine gene expression in wild-type and CAR-null mice. The results show that a total of 138 genes were detected to be either induced or repressed in response to PB treatment, of which about half were under CAR regulation. Including CYP2B10, CYP3A11, and NADPH-CYP reductase, CAR regulated a group of the PB-induced drug/steroid-metabolizing enzymes. Enzymes such as amino levulinate synthase 1 and squalene epoxidase displayed CAR-independent induction by PB. Cyp4a10 and Cyp4a14 represented the group of genes induced by PB only in CAR-null mice, indicating that CAR may be a transcription blocker that prevents these genes from being induced by PB. Additionally, the group of genes encoding enzymes and proteins involved in basic biological processes such as energy metabolism underwent the CAR-dependent repression by PB. Thus, CAR seems to have diverse roles, both as a positive and negative regulator, in the regulation of hepatic genes in response to PB beyond drug/steroid metabolism.

PMID: 11752199 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]







PubMed	Nucleotide	Protein	Genome	Structure	PopSet	Taxonomy	OMIM	Book
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-		Limits	Preview/Ir	ndex H	istory	Clipboard	Deta	ails
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☐1: Mol Cell Biol 1994 Mar:14(3):1544-51 Related Articles, Nucleotide, OMIM, Protein, Books, LinkOut

A new orphan member of the nuclear hormone receptor superfamily that interacts with a subset of retinoic acid response elements.

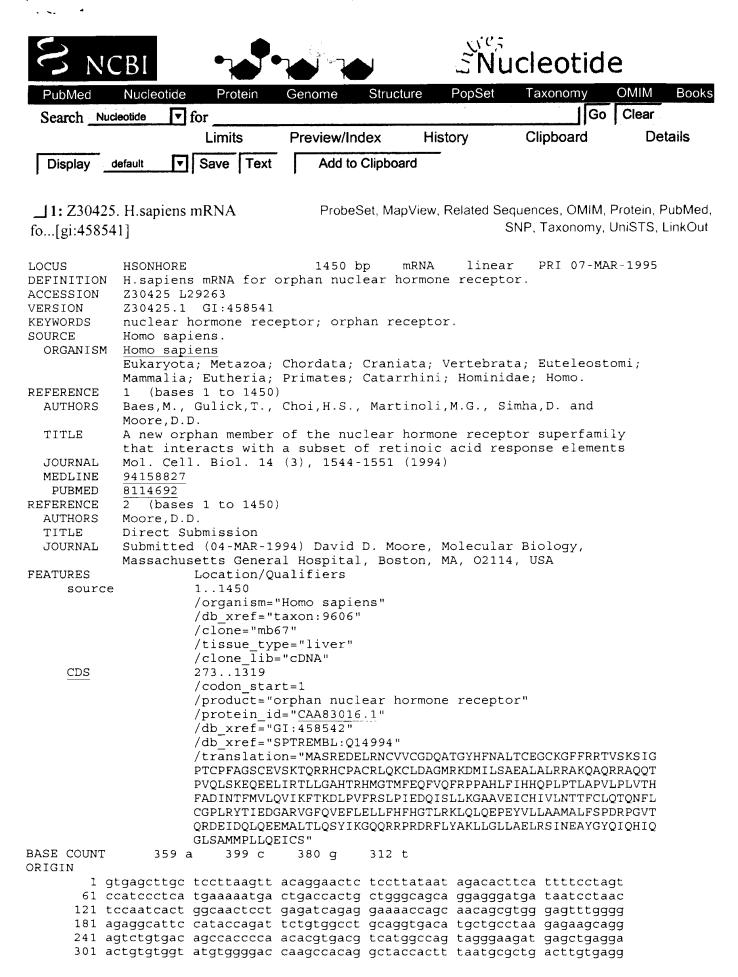
Baes M, Gulick T, Choi HS, Martinoli MG, Simha D, Moore DD.

Department of Molecular Biology, Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston 02114.

We have identified and characterized a new orphan member of the nuclear hormone receptor superfamily, called MB67, which is predominantly expressed in liver. MB67 binds and transactivates the retinoic acid response elements that control expression of the retinoic acid receptor beta 2 and alcohol dehydrogenase 3 genes, both of which consist of a direct repeat hexamers related to the consensus AGGTCA, separated by 5 bp. MB67 binds these elements as a heterodimer with the 9-cis-retinoic acid receptor, RXR. However, MB67 does not bind or activate other retinoic acid response elements with alternative hexamer arrangements or any of several other wild-type and synthetic hormone response elements examined. The transactivation of retinoic acid response elements by MB67 is weaker than that conferred by the retinoic acid receptors but does not require the presence of all-trans retinoic acid, 9-cis-retinoic acid, or any exogenously added ligand. We propose that MB67 plays an important role in the complex network of proteins that govern response to retinoic acid and its metabolites.

MeSH Terms:

- Amino Acid Sequence
- Base Sequence
- Cloning, Molecular
- DNA Primers/chemistry
- DNA, Complementary/genetics
- DNA-Binding Proteins/genetics*
- Gene Expression Regulation*
- Human
- Molecular Sequence Data
- Receptors, Cytoplasmic and Nuclear/genetics*



11

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Revised: July 5, 2002.

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PΑ
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PT
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PT
    antibodies for early diagnosis of cancer
PT
XX
PS
    Claim 1; Fig 2; 11pp; English.
XX
    This amino acid sequence is of the cancer-associated retinopathy
CC
    (CAR) antigen, which are specifically bound by CAR antibodies.
CC
CC
    The antigen and any peptides resulting from it are used as
    immunoassay reagents for detecting CAR antibodies, e.g. as an
CC
CC
    early warning of cancer.
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Db 189	132	: : : : : : : :: : : mispedtkhlpedentpekraekiwgffgkkdddkltekefiegtlankeilrliq-fe